ROAD TO RAIL

Road-Rail vehicles
A product overview
One of the first road-rail vehicles from the 1940:s.

One road–rail vehicle from the 2010:s

SRS Sjölanders History

- More than 500 road rail vehicles delivered world wide

1976 First road-rail vehicle for overhead lines equipped with lift – “lift rail vehicle” – LRB with front rail axle placed behind front road axle.

1978 Second generation lift rail vehicle LRB with front rail axle placed in front of the front road axle.

1981 First exported lift rail vehicle, LRB, to the Danish State Railway in Denmark.

1982 Lift rail vehicle LRB 8-21 with front steering axle and fully insulated cage, Gothenburg’s Tram System, Sweden.

1983 First export outside Europe, Lift rail vehicle LRB to Canada.

1984 Lift rail vehicle LRB 8-3 – first 3-arm lift, Holland.

1985 Bridge inspection vehicle, BRB 7-4, Sweden and USA.

1986 Since then we have delivered more than 500 vehicles world wide.

1986 LRB First SRS Road Rail Vehicle delivered to UK

1987 FRB First multipurpose vehicle with hydraulic crane for SJ in Sweden.

1989 VRB 17 new platform vehicle for overhead line maintenance in Holland

1990 BRB Bridge inspection vehicles delivered to Canadian National Rail Road

1992 VRB 17 Second generation platform vehicle for overhead line maintenance to Holland

1994 Development of first 25 ton Road Rail Vehicle from SRS.

1997 BRB 25 with new 12-5 Bridge Inspection Booms

1999 KRT 33 New concept for Road Rail Rescue crane on SRS Road Rail Vehicle

2000 RB 7 – 10 Hydrostatically driven Road Rail Vehicles in 7 to 10 ton range delivered to NL and GB

2002 RB 25 Modular base vehicle with container lock systems for carrying various modules.

2003 LRB With battery power for working in tunnels.

2004 KRT 36 Articulated Rail Road Trailer with 72 tm hydraulic Crane.

2005 VRB Recovery vehicle for high speed line in Korea with 100 km/h top speed.

2007 SRS Road Rail Vehicle for Flush But Welding system from Schlatter.

2009 LRB 25 First Centenary maintenance and service vehicle in 25 ton range with SRS Lift.

2010 FRB 32 First SRS Road Rail Vehicle in 32 ton range with new type Palfinger crane

2010 KRT 65 New Road Rail Rescue Crane with 150 ton lifting capacity

2010 LRB, VRB, FRB - Development of high ambient temperature Road Rail Vehicles adapted for Saud Arabia

2010 LRB17 With snow clearance equipment.

2011 FRB 25 Road Rail Maintenance Vehicle with snow clearance equipment.
Why road-rail vehicles?

The continuous increase in rail traffic brings with it an increased need for maintenance activities. On stretches with high traffic intensity and thus increased wear, maintenance must be performed more frequently and faster, to minimize disturbances to the ordinary traffic. A general trend is that the available track-time for maintenance work is decreasing. This has meant increased costs when using conventional track-bound machines and working methods. The demand for efficient and flexible machines and working methods has therefore increased.

A two-way vehicle can be driven on the road as closely to the work site and track as is possible. After which, the vehicle can be driven up onto the track and continue to the work site, perform the work and then drive back to the drive on/off point. This reduces the transport time on the track considerably. The effective working time is therefore increased.

The vehicle can be fitted with a variety of equipment – a modular system – which means that these can easily be adapted for different types of work tasks with a high degree of usability.

The investment costs for a two-way vehicle are generally considerably lower than for a vehicle that is entirely track-bound.

Two-way vehicles can also be used for a longer period of time at the actual work site than a pure track-bound vehicle, due to the transport distance to the work site generally being shorter for the two-way vehicle. In addition, the two-way vehicle can be loaded at the depot and transport material by road, drive up onto the track and continue to the work site without having to reload.

A two-way vehicle is normally built up on a standard truck chassis. This provides great economic advantages, something that gives lower investment costs and good availability to service via authorised workshops with good geographic coverage.

The vehicle is highly mechanised and can be equipped with an automated steering system, which reduces the number of operators and thus reduces operating costs.

The modern two-way technology increases in importance, due to both technical and economical factors, through its greater flexibility, higher usability and reasonable investment and operational costs.

SRS Sjölanders has more than 30 years experience of supplying two-way vehicles, both nationally and internationally. Vehicles that are designed and manufactured in accordance with the strict safety regulations that apply to track-bound vehicles. The two-way concept in combination with newly developed tools and working methods is the modern way of safely and efficiently performing the maintenance activities that 21st century railways demand.
# Steel against steel with hydrostatic drive versus rubber tyre drive

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Steel against steel</th>
<th>Rubber tyres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Driving On/Off</td>
<td>Reliable, smooth and quick at crossings. Properly and quickly performed with lateral movement legs, without the need for a level crossing. All this without effecting traffic on adjacent tracks.</td>
<td>Slower transfer to rail at level crossings and unreliable without level crossings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Design</td>
<td>Design equivalent to a train on rails. Rail travelling equipment front and back provides the vehicle with a stable working platform.</td>
<td>Trucks rebuilt for driving on rails. Rubber tyres in their normal position provide less stability to the work platform.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed</td>
<td>Can be driven at 70-80 km/h both forwards and backwards.</td>
<td>In most countries, restricted to about 30 km/h forward speed on rails and technically even lower speed backwards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating costs</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Considerably higher. Wear on the gearbox and tyres along with “derailing” result in higher operating costs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Braking ability</td>
<td>Reliable under all weather conditions. EU-approved integration with the vehicle’s braking system.</td>
<td>Large variations between wet and dry rails.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rail tracking</td>
<td>Behaves like a track-bound vehicle when crossing points, level crossings and third rails.</td>
<td>Reduced speed required to cross points, level crossings and other crossings to ensure a safe passage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety</td>
<td>Solid safety statistics after more than 500 vehicles have been delivered to a large number of countries. Safety is built-in at the design stage. A stable work place.</td>
<td>Questionable braking ability due to weather conditions.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
SRS Sjölander’s patented two-way system is equipped with hydrostatic drive, which means that there is no contact between the chassis’ ordinary rubber tyres and the railway rails. When the vehicle is track-bound, it rests entirely on the rail wheels.

The design provides impressive performance on the rails especially concerning safety, traction, rail tracking, braking ability, speed and comfort.

The design of the SRS rail travelling system provides for fast and safe driving on/off of rails. Which gives both time and cost savings. Compared with conventional systems, SRS rail travelling system requires less space during the driving on/off procedure. The requirement for transfer width is about half of the length of the vehicle.

Two-way vehicles can also be complemented with a device for lateral movement, which subject to certain conditions allows driving on and off without using a level crossing. With the SRS system it is also possible to quickly and easily drive on/off in a relatively tight curve.

This means that every track disposition/working period can be used more efficiently, with shorter transport times to the work site, which gives increased effective working time on the track.

The design allows driving on and off without the vehicle encroaching on the free space for the adjacent track.

SRS two-way vehicles are normally designed for a speed of 70 km/h on the track. In comparison with rubber tyre-driven systems, the SRS system functions with the highest safety within its speed range, since the vehicle travels on rail wheels and therefore in principle, has the same characteristics as a purely rail-bound vehicle on the track.

This means:
• Minimal risk for derailment when crossing points, wing rails and level crossings.
• Technically, there are no special speed restrictions requirements in curves, points and level crossings.
• Rapid transport to and from the work site.

Braking capacity and traction are in the same class as rail-bound vehicles, which increases safety. No wear on the rubber tyres with the SRS two-way system, since they do not have contact with the rails. This gives a considerable saving in costs since the tyres do not need changing so often due to the extreme wear caused by rail contact.

The SRS system is normally supplied with un-insulated rail wheels, in order to effect the signal system, but the rail travelling unit can also be supplied with insulated wheels. The SRS system allows remote control of the vehicle from e.g. a lift, a working platform or from a crane. This means that no driver is required in the cab during this work, which saves money and time, and also eliminates the risk of misunderstanding between the driver and the operator.
## Product overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category/rail travelling-system</th>
<th>8 – 10 ton</th>
<th>12 – 17 ton</th>
<th>20 – 30 ton</th>
<th>20 – 35 ton</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overhead line vehicle</td>
<td>FRB 8</td>
<td>VRB 17</td>
<td>VRB 25</td>
<td>TRB 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bridge and tunnel inspection vehicle</td>
<td>BRB 7–4</td>
<td>LRB 7–5</td>
<td>BRB 12–5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rail welding vehicle</td>
<td>CRB 8</td>
<td>CRB 17</td>
<td>SRB 25</td>
<td>SRB 20–V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recovery and emergency vehicle</td>
<td>SRB 8</td>
<td>SRB 17</td>
<td>VRB 25 LR</td>
<td>KRB 35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flexible vehicle</td>
<td>FRB 17</td>
<td>FRB 25</td>
<td>Semi-Trailer</td>
<td>PRB 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special vehicle</td>
<td>CRB 20 SU</td>
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</table>

**Types of standard chassis for rail travelling equipment:**
All systems can be supplied for the following track widths (mm): 891, 1000, 1067, 1435, 1524, 1600 and 1676.

*Adjustable* system for switching between two track widths (mm): 1000–1435.

*Adjustable drive bogie system with double hydraulic motors for total weight >20 ton, can only be delivered for track widths from 1067 mm and above.

Accessories: Line lifting rod, generator, length measurement, cranes, drum holders, snow brush, optic-cable holder, snow thrower, stop device, grass cutters/rotary impact cutters, lateral movement legs.
### SRS three point drive-on drive-off procedure

#### At a level crossing
1. The vehicle is reversed into the level crossing and stops when the bogie is positioned above the track.
2. The bogie's transport lock is released, it is aligned with the track and lowered hydraulically, so that the rails wheels are applied to the rails. The rear of the vehicle is thus raised, which frees the road wheels from contact with the ground.
3. The vehicle is then pulled backwards by the hydrostatic rail bogie until the front rail axel is directly above the track.
4. The front rail wheel axle is then lowered by the driver in the cab which frees the front road wheels, when the front rail wheels are applied to the rails.
5. The vehicle is now completely track-bound.

#### Without a level crossing
1. The vehicle is reversed into the track and stops when the bogie is positioned above the track.
2. The bogie’s transport lock is released, it is aligned with the track and lowered hydraulically, so that the rails wheels are applied to the rails. The rear of the vehicle is thus raised, which frees the road wheels from contact with the ground.
3. The vehicle is then pulled backwards by the hydrostatic rail bogie until one of the road wheels fastens against a sleeper or a rail.
4. The vehicle is now completely track-bound.
5. The forward part of the vehicle is then moved laterally via the hydraulic lateral movement beams about 1 m sideways. The forward part is then lowered and the road wheels then contact the ground.
6. The lateral movement beam closest to the track is extended again. The forward end is lifted again and moved another approx. 1 m sideways closer to the track.
7. The process in points 3 and 5 is repeated until the forward end is directly above the track and the front rail wheel axle can be lowered so that the rail wheels are applied to the rails.
8. The lateral movement beams are returned to their transport position and the vehicle is now track-bound.

#### Without a level crossing – parallel lateral movement with lateral movement beams.
1. The vehicle is parked close to and parallel with the track.
2. The two (front and rear) lifting beams on the side of the vehicle closest to the track are fully extended.
3. The vehicle is lifted by all four lifting cylinders simultaneously and is then moved approx. 1 m sideways and lowered.
4. The process in points 2 and 3 is repeated until the vehicle is directly above the track.
5. The bogie and front rail wheels are lowered so that the rail wheels are applied to the track. The lifting beams are returned to their transport position and the vehicle is now fully track-bound.
SRS Overhead Line Vehicles 14-18t
SRS Overhead Line Vehicles 20-26t

VRB 25 XL

LRB 25
SRS Flexible Vehicles 26-32t

FRB 25

FRB 32
SRS Module Vehicles 18-26t

SRS Accessories

RB 25 M

TS 1600

TLL 7-2

RFU-S

FTR 13000
SRS Bridge and Tunnel Inspection Vehicles

BRB 7-4

SRS Rail Welding Vehicles

SRB 25
SRS Recovery/Emergency Vehicles

KRB 33

SRS Trailer Vehicles 25-65t

KRT 20

KRT 65
SRS has a complete sales and service organisation through its international network of agents and dealers. SRS is currently represented by its own daughter companies or via agents on more than 20 international markets.

SRS is the world leader within two-way technology with more than 30 years experience of development, design and manufacture of various types of two-way vehicle. We make continuous investments in product development of rail travelling systems, superstructures and accessories, in cooperation with our customers. We have, through the years, delivered two-way vehicles manufactured in accordance with specific specifications and local regulations, to many international markets.

SRS is active entirely within the railway sector, so we are well aware of the specific demands for railways vehicles that must always be the basis for our designs, material selection and manufacturing methods. We can therefore always guarantee the highest quality, both technically and functionally, irrespective of if it is a standard system or a specially designed concept.

Even in the future, SRS will continue to work with product development that promotes more efficient working methods, personal safety and the reliability of our two-way vehicles, which will help our customers through increased productivity and thereby improved profits.

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The maintenance quality is vital in ensuring the long-term performance of your vehicle. SRS Service ensure that your vehicle always are in an optimum working state and that service is carried out by professional technicians using original spare parts to ensure function and safety. SRS Service is available worldwide and can offer you everything from spare parts to tailor made service and maintenance solutions with 24-7 helpdesk support. To ensure safety and correct operation of the vehicle SRS Service also offer you training sessions for the operators as well as your technical staff.

We offer you the best service pack in order to keep you on and off track.

**Help desk support whenever, wherever.**

**Fast respns time worldwide.**

**Tailor made service solutions.**
SRS har en komplett försäljnings- och service-organisation genom sitt internationella nät av agenter och återförsäljare och SRS finns idag representert med egna dotterbolag eller via agenter på fler än 20 internationella marknader.

SRS är ledande inom tvåvägsteknologin med mer än 30 års erfarenhet av utveckling, konstruktion och tillverkning av olika typer av tvåvägsfordon. Vi satsar kontinuerligt på produktutveckling av både rälsrökinssystem, påbyggnader och tillbehör i samarbete med våra kunder. Vi har genom åren levererat tvåvägsfordon tillverkade i enlighet med givna specificeringar och lokala bestämmelser till många internationella marknader.

SRS verkar enbart inom järnvägssektorn, varför vi är väl förtrogna med de järnvägsspecifika kraven som alltid måste ligga till grund för konstruktion, materialval och tillverkningsmetoder. Vi kan därför alltid garantera högsta kvalitet, såväl tekniskt som funktionsmässigt, oavsett om det är standardsystem eller specialkonstruerade koncept.

SRS kommer även i framtiden att fortsätta arbeta med produktutveckling som främjar effektivare arbetsmetoder, personlig säkerhet och driftsäkerhet hos vår tvåvägsfordon, vilket kommer våra kunder tillgodo genom ökad produktivitet och därmed förbättrad ekonomi.

SRS Sjölanders internationella försäljningsorganisation

Shifting from Road to Rail faster than anyone else.